# ANUSHKA ACADEMY 

## तर्क स्र वित परी क्षा प

 निष्कारा एवं II निहितहै । अ फ्म इन का ना＇के स यमाननी है प्र शां के उ ₹ T रदें।

 से निष्कागं तर्कि कसरे अनु सप करते है ।
（1）यदि के वलनिषकषाँ अनु स्रण करता है ।
（2）यदि के वलनिष्कषाI अनु सरण करता है ।
（3）यदि य ता निष्कषार्य II अनु सप करता है।
（4）यदि न ता निष्कषा आ रन हीI अनु सप करता है ।
（5）यदि निष्कषाई औ सा दा＇नां अनु सप करते है＇।
（1－3）：

## का न：

स Tी पिता $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{T}} \mathrm{T}$ इ है।

कु छ मा ता पु टि गय＂है ।
स T母 बहने $\% T$ ई है।
का इ पिता मा ता नहीं है ।
1．निष्काए：
I．कु छ पु ति $T$ य स ता नही है ।
II．कु छ मा ता बहने नही है।
2．निष्कार：

II．कु छ $4 T$ ई जो मा ता नही है वे बहन $\mathcal{T} T$
3．निष्क्षा：
I．कु छ पु तिт य＂पिता नही है।
II．कु छ पु टि T य＂जों बहनें नही है ，सं +1 वतः （4－5）：

## क्र न：

स T $T$ कर्म चा री मा लिकहै ।
का इ मा लिकनिरी क्ष कनही है ।
कु छ कर्म चा री मै ने ज़्नही है।
स Tी मै ने ज़ चा की दार है।
कु छ निरी क्ष कमै ने ज़ है ।
4．निष्काए：
I．कु छ मै ने ज्ञ निरी क्ष कनही है ，कर्म चा री
II．कु छ निरी क्षा क，यदि वे चाँ की दा रनही है，ता नही है ।
5．निष्कास：
I．कु छ चौ की दार निरी क्ष कन ही है ।
II．कु छ चौ की दा रज＇निरी क्ष कहै ，मा लिकनही

दा एं से दू से सथाTन नरहै ज किदा＇पुरुषा $T^{\prime} X$ ，दे की य पु ラT१ के बा एं से दू से सथाX，नॉफ़्री बहन है $X, Z$ के पत की निकट तमपड．$T^{1}$ से नहीं त्र्ष्हौ $\mathbb{X}$ के मधयके वलएही ठ र्यक त है $\mathbb{P}, \mathrm{Y}$ का प्ति है $\mathbb{S}$ ，जा कि C का T T ई है，अप्मी मा ता बा एं बै ठTZहैकी। मा तथ स के बी चके वलएक यक्तबै ठा है तथ $T \mathbb{Y}$ के मध्यएक यक्तबै ठ $T$ है $\mathrm{I}, \mathrm{R}$ की मा ता है $\mathrm{Y}, \mathrm{W}$ की निक्ट तम पड $I^{\prime}$ से नही है ।
6．दी गई बै ठकठ यवस्थ $T$ के अनु सा रनिम्क्किलिएि सहै （1） $\mathrm{R}, \mathrm{W}$ का कजजिए है ।
（2）$Z$ ，तथ $T Z$ का पतिएदू से के निक्ट तम पड $T^{\prime}$ से

（4）$Z$ अप्मी पु इग $\dagger$ के बा एं से ती स्रा है ।
（5） $\mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{Z}$ की मा ता है ।
7．$P$ का अप्म ना ती／प ते के संद्श $T^{\wedge}$ मे क्य सथा
（1）ठ $\dagger$ कदा एं
（2）दा ए से ती सा
（3）बा एं से ती सा
（4）दा एं से दू सा
（5）दा एं से चा था T

8．निम नलिखि तप चमे से चा रएनिश्चिततरी के से एकसा
$\dagger$ है। है । निエन मे से का न स इससू ह का हिस्स नही

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## REASONING

Directions (1-5) : These questions are based on the following five statements. For each question, two conclusions numbered I and II are given. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decided which of the given conclusions logically and definitely follows from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts. Give answer
(1) If only conclusion I follows.
(2) If only conclusion II follows.
(3) If either conclusion I or conclusion II follows
(4) If neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows.
(5) If both conclusions I and II follow.
(1-3) :

## Statements :

All Fathers are Brothers.
Some Daughters are not Brothers.
Some Mothers are Daughters.
All Sisters are Brothers.
No Father is a Mother.

1. Conclusion :
I. Some Daughters are not Mothers.
II. Some Mothers are not Sisters.
2. Conclusion :
I. All Brothers if they are Mothers are also necessarily fathers.
II. Some Brothers that are not Mothers are also not Sisters.
3. Conclusion :
I. Some Daughters are not Fathers.
II. Some Daughters that are not Sisters can be Mothers.
(4-5) :

## Statements :

All Employees are Owners.
No Owner is a Supervisor.
Some Employees are not Managers.
All Managers are Gatekeepers.
Some Supervisor are Managers.
4. Conclusion :
I. Some Managers who are not Supervisor are Employees.
II. Some Supervisor if they are not Gatekeepers are also not Employees.

## 5. Conclusion :

I. Some Gatekeepers are not Supervisor.
II. Some Gatekeepers that are Supervisor are not Owners.
Directions (6-12) : Each of these questions are based on the information given below:
$\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{R}, \mathrm{S}, \mathrm{W}, \mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$ and Z are sitting around a circle
facing centre but not necessarily in the same order. The husband of $Z$ is sitting second to the right of Q who is sitting between two males. X sits second to the left of the daughter of S . X is the sister of Y. X is not an immediate neighbour of Z's husband. Only one person sits between $P$ and $\mathrm{X} . \mathrm{P}$ is the father of Y . S who is brother of $Z$ sits to the immediate left of his mother. Only one person sits between Z's mother and W. Only one person sits between $Z$ and $Y$. $Y$ is mother of $R$. Y is not an immediate neighbour of W .
6. Which of following is true with respect to the given seating arrangement ?
(1) $R$ is the cousin of $W$
(2) $Z$ and $Z$ 's husband are immediate neighbour of each other.
(3) No female is an immediate neighbour of $R$.
(4) $Z$ sits third to the left of her daughter.
(5) Q is the mother of $Z$.
7. What is the position of P with respect to his grandchild ?
(1) immediate right
(2) third to the right
(3) third to the left
(4) Second to the right
(5) fourth to the right
8. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way. Which one does not belong to that group?
(1) $X$
(2) R
(3) W
(4) Z
(5) Y
9. What is position of P with respect to his mother-in-law ?
(1) Immediate right
(2) third to the right
(3) third to the left
(4) second to the right
(5) None of these
10. How many people sits between Y and her uncle ?
(1) One
(2) Two
(3) Three
(4) Four
(5) Five
11. Who amongst the following is S's daughter?
(1) $Q$
(2) $R$
(3) W
(4) Y
(5) Z
12. Who sits to the immediate left of R ?
(1) X's grandmother
(2) Y's son
(3) S's mother-in-law
(4) P
(5) Y

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 कानी चे दिएगए झां के उ ₹ $T$ रदी जिए
 की एक नपु ट ला ई न दी जा है ，वह प्र $\overline{\text { र }}$ ये कचरण में एकख का प लन क्रते हु एउ न हे पु न ठ यर्वस्थ $\uparrow$ त क्रती है । न पु र्न ० यमस्था का एक दा हरण दिय गय है ।

## इनपु ट्ट17 put show on 392785 gold

चरप I：
show 17 put on 392785 gold
चरप II：show 8517 put on 3927 gold
चरप III：show 85 put 17 on 3927 gold
चरप IV：show 85 put 3917 on 27 gold
चरप V：show 85 put 39 on 1727 gold
चरप VI：show 85 put 39 on 2717 gold
चरप VII：show 85 put 39 on 27 gold 17
चरप VII इसपु न ठ यक् थ $T$ का अं तिम चरप है ।
13．इनपु टglass full 1537 water now 8567
निम्नलिलिख तमे से कौ न सा उन पदिये गएइनपु ट VI हां गा ？
（1）water 85 now 67 full glass 1537
（2）water 85 now 67 glass full 1537
（3）water 85 now 67 glass 37 full 15
（4）ऐस का｀ई चरण नहीं हा＇गा
（5）इनमे से का इ नही
14．ए इनपु ट का चरण II ：ultra 731216 mail sort 39 kite
निェ＝$T$ लिखितमें से कौन न अं तिमचरप सै एफ्हल हा＇गा ？
（1）VIII
（2）IX
（3）VII
（4） VI
（5）इनमे से का इ
नही

15．एक नपु ट का चरप III ：win 75 voice 1539 store gap 26
निम नलिखित तमें से कौ न सा निश्चित स्वसे इनपु ट हा
（1）voice 15 win 7539 store gap 26
（2）voice win 751539 store gap 26
（3） 1575 win voice store gap 26
（4）निध रितनही किय ज सकता
（5）इनमे से का इ नही
16．एकनपु ट का चरप II ：tube 834934 garden flower rat 56
पु र्न ठ यस्थाT का पू रा करने के लिए औ र कितने आ वश्क्षता हा＇गी ？
（1）चा र
（2） प $^{\circ}$ च
（3）छ：
（4）ती न
（5）इनमे से का इ नही

इनपु ट：hunt for 9437 good 2948 book
पु र्न ठ यमस थT T को पू रा करने के लिएक्तिने चरप T＇
अ वश्शम
（1）चा र
（2） प $^{\circ}$ च
चे इनप्रुउन क्छा：र
（4）स त
（5）इनमे से का इ इ नहीं
निदे ${ }^{\circ}$（18－22）：दी गये स चना के धय नपू र्व कप्ढ़ ${ }^{\circ}$ ओ


रप्र शा क्मि गय है ，जै से किनी चे दश्र T य गय है ।
＇A＠B＇का अ2T＇हैA，B से छा＇ट T नही＇है ।
＇$A \$ B$＇का अथ $T$ A $A$ से बड．$T$ नही＇है ।
＇ $\mathrm{A} \% \mathrm{~B}$＇का अथ $\mathrm{T}^{\prime}$ है， B से न ता＇छा＇ट T है अ＇र है＇।
＇ $\mathrm{A} \# \mathrm{~B}$＇का अ $\mathrm{T}^{`}$ 気， B से न ता＇बड． T है आ＂रन ही बरा बर
＇ A © B ＇का अ $\mathrm{T}^{\circ}$ है， B से न ता＇छा＇ट T है आ रन
है＇। नी चे दिएगएप्र $\overline{\text { ₹ }}$ ये क्र सा＇${ }^{\circ}$ मे दिएगएक $\top$ ना
मानते हु एप्ता लगा इएकनी चे दिये गएनिषकमौ‘ II मे कौ न सा／कौ न से निष्कष्ण निश्चितर्स से स यहै ？
（1）यदि के वलनिष्कषा โ स यहै
（2）यदि के वलनिष्कषा II स यहै ।
（3）यदि य ता＇निष्कषI य निष्कषाII स यहै ।
（4）यदि न त｀निष्कषाओ अ रन ही निष्कषां स यहै।
（5）यदि दा＇ना＇निाष्कषाí सक यहै ।
18．कृ $\boldsymbol{F}$
C \＄D，A＠B，B \＃C
निष्काT：
I． $\mathrm{D} \% \mathrm{~A}$
II．C \％A
19．काँ
N ＠ $\mathrm{P}, \quad \mathrm{M} \$ \mathrm{~N}, \quad \mathrm{P}$ \％Q
निष्काT：
I．$P$ © $M$
II．Q \＃N

## का च

G＠H，
E\％F，
F \＃G，

निष्काT：
I．H \＃F
II．E \％G

21．क्र丁 $\boldsymbol{Z}$
K \＄L，J © K，L \％M
निष्काT：

22．क्रान
$\mathrm{Y} \subset \mathrm{Z}, \quad \mathrm{W} \# \mathrm{X}, \quad \mathrm{X}$ \％Y
निष्काT：
I． Z \＃X
II．Y \＃W

बरा बर

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Directions (13-17) : Read the following information and answer the questions.
A word and number arrangement machine when given an input line of words and numbers rearranges them following a particular rule in each step. The following is an illustration of an input and rearrangement.
Input:17 put show on 392785 gold
Step I: show 17 put on 392785 gold
Step II: show 8517 put on 3927 gold
Step III: show 85 put 17 on 3927 gold
Step IV: show 85 put 3917 on 27 gold
Step V: show 85 put 39 on 1727 gold
Step VI: show 85 put 39 on 2717 gold
Step VII: show 85 put 39 on 27 gold 17
Step VII is the last step of the rearrangement of the above input.
13. Input: glass full $\mathbf{1 5} \mathbf{3 7}$ water now $\mathbf{8 5} \mathbf{6 7}$

Which of the following will be step VI of the above input?
(1) water 85 now 67 full glass 1537
(2) water 85 now 67 glass full 1537
(3) water 85 now 67 glass 37 full 15
(4) There will be no such step
(5) None of these
14. Step II of an input is : ultra $\mathbf{7 3} \mathbf{1 2 1 6} \mathbf{~ m a i l}$ sort 39 kite
Which of the following steps will be the last but one?
(1) VIII
(2) IX
(3) VII
(4) VI
(5) None of these
15. Step III of an input is : win 75 voice 1539 store gap 26
Which of the following is definitely the input?
(1) voice 15 win 7539 store gap 26
(2) voice win 751539 store gap 26
(3) 1575 win voice store gap 26
(4) Cannot be determined
(5) None of these
16. Step II of an input is: tube $\mathbf{8 3} \mathbf{4 9} \mathbf{3 4}$ garden flower rat 56
How many more steps will be required to complete the rearrangement ?
(1) Four
(2) Five
(3) Six
(4) Three
(5) None of these
17. Input: hunt for 9437 good 2948 book

How many steps will be required to complete the rearrangement ?
(1) Four
(2) Five
(3) Six
(4) Seven
(5) None of these

Directions (18-22) : In the following questions, the symbols @, \$, \%, \# and © are used with the following meanings illustrated :
'A @ B' means 'A is not smaller than B'.
'A \$ B' means 'A is not greater than B'.
' $A \% B$ ' means ' $A$ is neither smaller than nor equal to $B$ '.
' $A$ \# $B$ ' means ' $A$ is neither greater than nor equal to $B$ '.
' $A$ © $B$ ' means ' $A$ is neither smaller than nor greater than B'.
In each of the following questions assuming the given statements to be true, find out which of the two conclusions I and II given below them is/are definitely true. Give answer-

1. If only conclusion I is true.
2. If only conclusion II is true.
3. If either conclusion I or conclusion II is true.
4. If neither conclusion I nor conclusion II is true.
5. If both conclusions I and II are true.
6. Statements :

C \$ D, A @ B, B \# C
Conclusions:
I. $\mathrm{D} \% \mathrm{~A}$
II. $\mathrm{C} \% \mathrm{~A}$
19. Statements:

N@ P, M\$N, P \% Q
Conclusions:
I. $\quad \mathrm{P}$ © M
II. Q \# N
20. Statements :

G@H, E \% F, F \# G,
Conclusions:
I. $\mathrm{H} \# \mathrm{~F}$
II. E \% G
21. Statements:

K \$ L, J © K, L \% M
Conclusions :
I. L © J
II. L \% J
22. Statements :

Y © Z, $\quad \mathrm{W}$ \# X, $\quad \mathrm{X}$ \% Y

## Conclusions :

I. Z \# X
II. Y \# W

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निदे ${ }^{\circ}$（23－27）：दिएगएस चना क’ स वधा $T$ नी पू र्व कप्ढ़ नी चे प्र झां के उ ₹ Tरदें।
 12 अप्र＂ल से 18 अप्र＂लतक，जिसे रविवा र एछु ट टृ का आय＇जिकी जा ती है कि तु आ वश्क्कहीं किइसे क्रममे ले क चर का अलग－अलग स्मयअवधैज से 45 मिनट， 55 मिनट， 6 मिनट ， 75 मिनट， 95 मिनट तथт T 105 मिनट है कि तु आ किइसे क्रम में।

18 अपौ लरवववारनही है तथाт इसदिन 45 मिनट का आय’ जिकिय जा ता है । गणि तका ले क चर 65 मिनट से कम तथT T अंग्र｀जे के ले क चरसे ठी कप्हले आय’ जिकिक्य जा ता ले क चर जो 105 मिनट का है ，तथ T T इ तिहा सले क चर जो 65 है ，के बी चमे दा＇ले क चर अ य＇जिकिएजा ते है । अं ग्र रविवा रसे फ्ले है तथ TT रविवा रएं गपि तले क चरके बी चदा अश ${ }^{\wedge}$ पा स्रा का ले क चरजो 75 मिनट का है， 12 अपौ लका हा＇ता । श्रानिवार का｀अ ये जिले क चर 105 मिनट का है
23．रविवा र स फले कितने ले क चर आ य＇जिfिएज ते है
（1）दा＇
（2）ए
（3）प＂च
（4）ती न
（5）इनमे से का इ नही

24．निエ $=T$ लिखि तमे से का न सा ले व चर－दिन－स्सयअअ्वाधक स्ही है ？
（1）अं ग्र｀जी－बु ध्रा र－75 मिनट
（2）गणि त－गु र्बा र－ 55 मिनट
（3）इ तिहा स－गु र्बा र－ 65 मिनट
（4）हिन दी－मं गलवार－ 105 मिनट
（5）इनमे से का इं नही
25．विज्ञान के ले क चर का समयअं तरा ल कितना है ？
（1） 95 मिनट
（2） 75 मिनट
（3） 55 मिनेट
（4） 45 मिनट
（5）इनमे
नही

26．अश $T^{\wedge}$ पा सラ $T$ का ले व चर किसदिन आय जिकिय जा
（1）स＇मवा र
（2）प्र निवा र
（3）मं गलवा र
（4）शु क्रवा र
（5）इनमे से का इ नही

27．किसदिन रविवा रहै ？
（1） 13 अपौ ल
（2） 12 अ अ＂ल
（3） 15 अपौ ल
（4） 16 अप्रौल
（5）इनमे से का इ नही

निर्फ़्रें（28－32）：दिएगएस चना को स वधा T नी पू र्व कप्ढ़ नी चे प्र झां ${ }^{-}$के उ ₹ Tरदे ।
आठर्के खछलल़ा ङनक्वेचस्सचन，का हली ，यु वरा ज रै ना ，गा गु ली

（1）फठ न न，ने हरा
（2）ध्रन ，यु वरा ज
（3）रै ना，संचन
（4）यु वरा ज़ संच
（5）रै ना，गां गु ली
29．यु वरा जतथ T T संचन की मं जिनां के ठी कबी चवा ली में कौ न रहता है ？
（1）का हली
（2）फठ T न
（3）ने हरा
（4）गा गु ली
（5）रै ना
30．मं जिन 2 पर कौ न रहता है ？
（1）रै ना
（2）यु वरा ज
（3）ने हरा
（4）ध्रन
（5）पठ T न

31．दी गई जनका री के अनु स रैै ना के संद्श $\mathrm{T}^{\circledR}$ मे से क्य स यहै ？
（1）रै ना स्रोसे निचली मं जिल पर रहता है ।
（2）का हलीर ना के नी चे वा ली मं जिनाोंकिसमे एकसे रहता है।
（3）दिएगएस $T \uparrow$ कह $T$ न स यहै ।
（4）रै ना तथT T ने हरा के बी च के वल दा ${ }^{\prime}$ ० यक्तरवें
（5）रै ना एकिषण मसंख्य वा ली मं जिनपरहता है ।
अँै．？यदि यु वरा जतथT $T$ ध्रन अप्मे सथTTन बदलले तथT $T$ इसी प्र का र रै ना तथ T स सिन 9 Tी अप्ते सथा $T$ न बदलले ता दी के अनु सा रनिम्नलिखितमे से का न रै ना तथ T पठ T ाइ $\overline{\text { उ य }}$ की मं जि

# ANUSHKA ACADEMY 

## Directions (23-27) : Read the following information carefully and answer the questions given below it-

Six lectures Maths, Science, History, Economics, English and Hindi are to be scheduled starting from 12th April and ending on 18th April with Sunday being an off day, not necessarily in the same order. Each of the lecture has different time duration: 45 mins, 55 mins , $65 \mathrm{mins}, 75 \mathrm{mins}$, 95 mins and 105 mins, again not necessarily in the same order.

18th April is not sunday and a lecture of 45 mins is scheduled on that day. Maths lecture is for less than 65 mins and is scheduled immediately before English lecture. There are two lectures scheduled between Hindi lecture which is for 105 mins and History lecture which is for 65 mins. English lecture is before Sunday and there are two days between sunday and maths lecture. Economics lecture which is for 75 mins is not scheduled on 12 th April. The lecture schedules on saturday is of 105 mins.
23. How many lectures are scheduled before sunday?
(1) Two
(2) One
(3) Five
(4) Three
(5) None of these
24. Which of the following combinations of lecture - Day - Time Duration is correct ?
(1) English - Wednesday - 75 mins
(2) Maths - Thursday - 55 mins
(3) History - Thursday - 65 mins
(4) Hindi - Tuesday - 105 mins
(5) None is correct
25. What is the time duration of science lecture?
(1) 95 mins
(2) 75 mins
(3) 55 mins
(4) 45 mins
(5) None of these
26. On which day is Economics lecture scheduled?
(1) Monday
(2) Saturday
(3) Tuesday
(4) Friday
(5) None of these
27. Which day is sunday?
(1) 13th April
(2) 12th April
(3) 15th April
(4) 16th April
(5) None of these

Directions (28-32) : Study the following information and answer the given question.
Eight players Sachin, Kohli, Yuvraj, Raina, Ganguli, Nehra, Pathan and Dhawan live on eight different floors of a building but not necessarily in the same order. The lowermost floor of the building is numbered one, the one above that is numbered two and so on till the topmost floor is numbered eight. Sachin lives on floor numbered 4. Only one person lives between Sachin and Yuvraj. Nehra lives on the floor immediately below Yuvraj. Only one person lives between Nehra and Pathan. Pathan lives above Nehra. Nehra lives on floor numbered 5. Only one person live between kohli and Ganguli. Raina lives on an even numbered floor but does not live on floor numbered 8. Kohli lives above Ganguli's floor.
28. Four of the following five are alike as per the given arrangement and thus form a group. Which of the following does not belong to that group?
(1) Pathan, Nehra
(2) Dhawan, Yuvraj
(3) Raina, Sachin
(4) Yuvraj, Sachin
(5) Raina, Ganguli
29. Who lives exactly between the floors on which Yuvraj and Sachin live?
(1) Kohli
(2) Pathan
(3) Nehra
(4) Ganguli
(5) Raina
30. Who amongst the following lives on floor numbered 2?
(1) Raina
(2) Yuvraj
(3) Nehra
(4) Dhawan
(5) Pathan
31. Which of the following is true about Raina as per given information ?
(1) Raina lives on the lowermost floor.
(2) Kohli lives on one of the floor below Raina.
(3) All the given statements are true.
(4) Only two people live between Raina and Nehra.
(5) Raina lives on an odd numbered floor.
32. If Yuvraj and Dhawan interchange their places and so do Raina and Sachin, who amongst the following will live between the floors on which Raina and Pathan live, as per the given arrangement?
(1) Only Dhawan
(2) No one
(3) Only Yuvraj
(4) Both Pathan and Yuvraj
(5) Both Dhawan and Nehra

## ANUSHKA ACADEMY

 उ सके बा द का र्य वा हिये ते केड प यI, II अै III दिएगएहै अ फ्मो कथ न में दी गफ्झे कमा तको स्ही मा नना है अ" रउ सके बा द तयकरना है किदिएगए दा सु झा वा में का न से का से ही कायं = वयम के लिएतर्क संगतस्वसे अनु सप कती है .।
33. का न:

पा नदा रवा सतु सं रचना की द्यी यहा लतका का रप है का य वा ही
I. इ मा रतके लिएएनय वस्तु सं रचना तै य र की चा हिए
II. सं रचना की बु री सिथा तिके का रप $\mathrm{T}^{\circ}$ का प्ता लगा य जनां चा हिए
III. सं रचना की सिथा तिसु ध रने की स्वी कृतिदी जा नी चा हिए
(1) के वलI अनु स्रप करता है ।
(2) के वल II अनु सरण करता है ।
(3) के वल III अनु स्रप क्रता है ।
(4) के वल II एवं III अनु सरण करते है
(5) के वलI एवं III अनु सप करते है
34. का न:

पि क्ष कदिवस्समा रा' ह में श्रे प्र मा ${ }^{`}$ रा ज यद्वा रा सम मा किए एवं एक $(4)$ य ता` II य III अनु सरण करता है । से वा निवृ $\bar{\tau} T$ प्र $T$ चा य श्रे श्रमा ने आ जकी $\mp T T^{\wedge}$ दिकवा दी पि क्ष क किवसउ ₹ सम्र की महर TT पर्र झ उ ठा य ।

का य वा ही
I. शि क्षा कदिवसउ $\bar{\kappa}$ सम का $\bar{\circ}$ यक्म किय ज ना चा हि क
II. शि क्ष क किवसउ $\bar{\Gamma}$ सम के लिए अैर अधिक ध्रा सि आ वं टि तकी जनी चा हिए
III. पि क्ष का ${ }^{\prime}$ की ${ }^{\circ} T_{0}$ मिका तथ $T$ जि मे दा रिय परिप्र क्ष्यमे दे खा जाना चा हिए।
(1) सं गो अनु स्रण करते है
(2) का ई अनु सप नही करता है ।
(3) य ता' I य II अनु सप करता है ।
(4) के वल III अनु सप करता है ।
(5) के वल II एं III अनु सण करते है ।

प हरा` मे $75 \%$ स अधिकला' ग मालिन बसि तय' ${ }^{\prime}$ तथा T के मका न मे रह रह है जो सका र की आ वा सएं विका सय ज्ञा का एक्र तिबिम बहै ।

का य वा ही का आ जके

आवा सतथTT प हरी विका सकी दे खरे ख के लिएएऊ विभ T T ग हा' ना चा हिए
II. प्र हरी अ वा से सं बं ध्रिय' जाए अ ${ }^{\prime}$ की सी क्ष $T$ चा हिए
III. ग्र $T$ मी प अ वा संसं बे य' जाए आ' की $q$ Tी सी
 सक" ।
(1) के वला अनु स्रप करता है ।
(2) के वलII अनु स्रप करता है ।
(3) के वलII एवं III अनु स्रण करते है ।

द्र निय मे
(5) के वला एवं II अनु सप करते है ।

## ANUSHKA ACADEMY

Directions (33-35) : In each question below is given a statement followed by two courses of action numbered I, II and III. You have to assume everything in the statement to be true, then decide which of the two suggested courses of action logically follows for pursuing.
33. Statement :

According to the officials, paucity of funds with the organisation has led to the pathetic condition of this brilliant architectural structure.

## Courses of Action :

I. A new architectural Structure for the building should be designed.
II. The reasons for the poor condition of the structure should be found out.
III. Grant should be given to improve the condition of the structure.
(1) Only I follows
(2) Only II follows
(3) Only III follows
(4) Only II and III follow
(5) Only I and III follow
34. Statement :

In the Teacher's Day function, Shri Sharma, a state awardee and a retired principal had questioned the celebration of Teacher's Day in today's materialistic world.

## Courses of Action :

I. The expenditure of Teacher's Day celebration should be reduced.
II. More funds should be allocated for the celebration of Teacher's Day.
III. The role and responsibilities of teachers should be seen in today's perspective.
(1) All follow
(2) None follows
(3) Either I or II follows
(4) Only III follows
(5) Only II and III follow
35. Statement :

In the city, over $75 \%$ of the people are living in slums and sub-standard houses, which is a reflection on the housing and urban development policies of the Government.

## Courses of Action :

I. There should be a separate department looking after housing and urban development.
II. The policies in regard to urban housing should be reviewed.
III. The policies regarding rural housing should also be reviewed so that such problems could be avoided in rural areas.
(1) Only I follows
(2) Only II follows
(3) Only II and III follow
(4) Either II or III follows
(5) Only I and II follow

## ANUSHKA ACADEMY

## संख 「 मक अभ7 T य ग या


₹ थT न प अ ने वा ले संख्य अं क मा न बता एं -
36. $475+950$ का $64 \%=900+$ ?
(1) 183
(2) 233
(3) 1983
(4) 1863
(5) इनमे से को इ नही
37. $(0.064) \times(0.4)^{7}=(0.4)^{?}+(0.0256)^{2}$
(1) 17
(2) 2
(3) 18
(4) 3
(5) इनमे से को इ नही
38. $534.596+61.472-496.708=?+27.271$
(1) 126.631
(2) 62.069
(3) 72.089
(4) 132.788
(5) इनमे से का इ नही
39. $16 \times 12-672 \div 21=$ ? -211
(1) 381
(2) 347
(3) 372
(4) 311
(5) इनमे से का इ नही
40. $(\sqrt{5}-2)^{2}=?-\sqrt{80}$
(1) $4 \sqrt{5}+4$
(2) $4 \sqrt{5}$
(3) $9-4 \sqrt{5}$
(4) 9
(5) इनमे से का इ नही

निदे ' (1-45) : निम नलिखि तस ख श थ. खल में प्र झ चि के सथागनप्क्य हां ना चा हिए
41. $7 \begin{array}{llllll}7 & 20 & 46 & 98 & 202 & \text { (?) }\end{array}$
(1) 420
(2) 410
(3) 310
(4) 320
(5) इनमे से का इ नही
42. $210 \quad 209 \quad 213186 \quad 202$ (?)
(1) 138
(2) 77
(3) 177
(4) 327
(5) इनमे से का इ゙ नही
$\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { 43. } & 27 & 38 & 71 & 126 & 203 & \text { (?) }\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { (1) } 212 & \text { (2) } 202 \\ \text { (3) } 301 & \text { (4) } 312\end{array}$
(5) इनमे से का इ नही
44. $435 \quad 354 \quad 282 \quad 219 \quad 165 \quad$ (?)
(1) 103
(2) 112
(3) 120
(4) 130
(5) इनमे से क` इ नही
45. $4 \quad 200 \quad 369 \quad 513 \quad 634$ (?)
(1) 788
(2) 715
(3) 734
(4) 755
(5) इनमे से को इ नही
₹ थाT नपअ ने वा ले सं ख अं के निक्ट तममान नत ए (वा सतिक मा न की गप ना करा अ वश्क्फनहीं है )
46. $9228.789-5021.832+1496.989=$ ?
(1) 6500
(2) 6000
(3) 6300
(4) 5700
(5) 5100
47. $1002 \div 49 \times 99-1299=$ ?
(1) 700
(2) 600
(3) 900
(4) 250
(5) 400
48. $29.8 \%$ of $260+60.01 \%$ of $510-103.57=$ ?
(1) 450
(2) 320
(3) 210
(4) 280
(5) 350
49. $(21.98)^{2}-(25.02)^{2}+(13.03)^{2}=$ ?
(1) 25
(2) 120
(3) 10
(4) 65
(5) 140
50. $\sqrt{2498} \times \sqrt{626} \div \sqrt{99}=$ ?
(1) 110
(2) 90
(3) 200
(4) 160
(5) 125
 दिये गएहै । अ फ्मो दो नां स्मी करण iे को हल कर

1. यदि $x>y$
2. यदि $x \geq y$
3. यदि $x<y$
4. यदि $x \leq y$
5. यदि $x=y$ य सं बं धर था $T$ प्तिनही किय जा सकता
6. I. $x^{2}-10 x+21=0$
II. $y^{2}-16 y+63=0$
7. I. $x^{2}-(16)^{2}=(23)^{2}-56$
II. $y^{1 / 3}-55+376=(18)^{2}$
8. I. $\frac{12}{\sqrt{x}}+\frac{8}{\sqrt{x}}=\sqrt{x}$
II. $\mathrm{y}-\frac{(18)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{\sqrt{y}}=0$
9. I. $\sqrt{36} x+\sqrt{64}=0$
II. $\sqrt{81} y+(4)^{2}=0$

# ANUSHKA ACADEMY 

## QUANTITATIVE APTITUDE

Directions (36-40) : What should come in place of the question mark (?) in the following questions ?
36. $475+64 \%$ of $950=900+$ ?
(1) 183
(2) 233
(3) 1983
(4) 1863
(5) None of these
37. $(0.064) \times(0.4)^{7}=(0.4)^{?}+(0.0256)^{2}$
(1) 17
(2) 2
(3) 18
(4) 3
(5) None of these
38. $534.596+61.472-496.708=?+27.271$
(1) 126.631
(2) 62.069
(3) 72.089
(4) 132.788
(5) None of these
39. $16 \times 12-672 \div 21=?-211$
(1) 381
(2) 347
(3) 372
(4) 311
(5) None of these
40. $(\sqrt{5}-2)^{2}=?-\sqrt{80}$
(1) $4 \sqrt{5}+4$
(2) $4 \sqrt{5}$
(3) $9-4 \sqrt{5}$
(4) 9
(5) None of these

Directions (41-45) : What should come in place of questions mark (?) in the following number series ?
$\begin{array}{lllllll}41 . & 7 & 20 & 46 & 98 & 202 & \text { (?) }\end{array}$
(1) 420
(2) 410
(3) 310
(4) 320
(5) None of these
42. $210 \quad 209 \quad 213 \quad 186 \quad 202 \quad$ (?)
(1) 138
(2) 77
(3) 177
(4) 327
(5) None of these
43. $\begin{array}{lllllll}27 & 38 & 71 & 126 & 203 & \text { (?) }\end{array}$
(1) 212
(2) 202
(3) 301
(4) 312
(5) None of these
44. $435 \quad 354 \quad 282 \quad 219 \quad 165 \quad$ (?)
(1) 103
(2) 112
(3) 120
(4) 130
(5) None of these
45. $4 \quad 200 \quad 369 \quad 513 \quad 634$ (?)
(1) 788
(2) 715
(3) 734
(4) 755
(5) None of these

Directions (46-50) : What approximate value should come in place of question mark (?) in the following question ? (Note: You are not expected to calculate the exact value)
46. $\quad 9228.789-5021.832+1496.989=$ ?
(1) 6500
(2) 6000
(3) 6300
(4) 5700
(5) 5100
47. $1002 \div 49 \times 99-1299=$ ?
(1) 700
(2) 600
(3) 900
(4) 250
(5) 400
48. $29.8 \%$ of $260+60.01 \%$ of $510-103.57=$ ?
(1) 450
(2) 320
(3) 210
(4) 280
(5) 350
49. $(21.98)^{2}-(25.02)^{2}+(13.03)^{2}=$ ?
(1) 25
(2) 120
(3) 10
(4) 65
(5) 140
50. $\sqrt{2498} \times \sqrt{626} \div \sqrt{99}=$ ?
(1) 110
(2) 90
(3) 200
(4) 160
(5) 125

Directions (51-55) : In the following questions two equations numbered I and II are given. You have to solve both the equations and give answer.

1. If $x>y$
2. If $x \geq y$
3. If $x<y$
4. If $x \leq y$
5. If $x=y$ or the relationship cannot be established.
6. I. $x^{2}-10 x+21=0$
II. $y^{2}-16 y+63=0$
7. I. $x^{2}-(16)^{2}=(23)^{2}-56$
II. $y^{1 / 3}-55+376=(18)^{2}$
8. I. $\frac{12}{\sqrt{x}}+\frac{8}{\sqrt{x}}=\sqrt{x}$
II. $\mathrm{y}-\frac{(18)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{\sqrt{y}}=0$
9. I. $\sqrt{36} x+\sqrt{64}=0$
II. $\sqrt{81} y+(4)^{2}=0$

## ANUSHKA ACADEMY

55．I．$\frac{25}{\sqrt{x}}+\frac{9}{\sqrt{x}}=17 \sqrt{x}$
II．$\frac{\sqrt{y}}{3}+\frac{5 \sqrt{y}}{6}=\frac{3}{\sqrt{y}}$
56．एवर्ग का क्ष＇ラगफ ल 1024 वर्ग सेमी है । एआ यम， लं बा इ वर्ग की $\Psi_{\mathrm{J}}$ ज की दा＇गु नी है तथT $T$ चा 12 सेमी．क्महै किलं बा इ का चाँ ड． T ई से अनु प
（1） $5: 18$
（2） $16: 7$
（3） $14: 5$
（4） $32: 5$
（5）इनमे से का इ नही
57．एक क्रिके ट मै चमें संचन तथ $T T$ बी रूप्प $\bar{~}$ ये कने $\bar{y}$ तक से अध्किरन）बना य तथT T यु वी तथTT गाँ तमप्र $\bar{\tau}$ ये कने बना य । गाँ तम ने 76 रन बना ये तथा T यु वी ने गाँ तम से 12 （अ） 9
， कम बना ये। वी रूने 102 रन बना ये है । चा रा ${ }^{\circ}$ खि का डि．（5）ममें से का इ नही बना येगएस $\mathrm{T} \uparrow$ रना＇${ }^{\circ}$ का य＇ग 442 है ，ता सरचन ने बना यें ？
（1） 200
（2） 210
（3） 180
（4） 160
（5）इनमे से का इ नही

58．ट｀स एक बे का 20 सेके प्ड में परकरती है तBT ट｀，न
2009 मे विहत्मेयं लड．किय＇की संख，वष्ग
 कु ल संख्य का लगक T ग कितने प्र तिश्व त है ？
（1） 46
（2） 52
（3） 65
（4） 58 उ से ख बे का एमिनट में प रक्रती है की क्ले बबान्ई $B$ की लं बा ई के अ धि है Alकीट चान्रका ट＇Bकी चा ल से अनु प तज्ञातकरें ？
（1） $3: 2$
（2） $3: 4$
（3） $4: 3$
（4）निध रितनही किय ज सकता
（5）इनमे से का
नही
59． 8 किग्र T बा दा मका मू ल य5 0 किग्र T ．से बके मू ल यके 19 किग्र $T$ आमका में ₹ल्पक6 है । 1 किग्र T．से बका 2 किग्र T．आम के मू ल यसे दा＇गु ना है । 3 किग्र T किग्र T से बका कु लमू ल यक्तिना हा＇गा ？
（1）₹ 2,168
（2）₹ 2,248
（3）₹ 2,184
（4）₹ 2,264
（5）इनमे से कौ इ नही
60．एनिश्चितरा षि पर $8 \%$ वा किष ${ }^{\circ}$ कदरसेवष्ष ${ }^{\circ}$ में सा ह ब य जर 100 हा＇ता है ，ता चक्रवृ द्धि ब य जआ रस धा का अंतर व य है ？
（1）₹ 16
（2）₹ 8
（3）₹ 4
（4）₹ 2
（5）इनमे से का इ नही
 इन प्रशा के उ ₹ Tरदी जिए
प＂चविभि $T=-T$ विद्य लये ${ }^{\circ}$ मे छ ：अलग－अलग वषT $\mathrm{T}^{\prime}$ तथt लड．कां की संख（से कड．$\hat{\mathrm{r}}^{\prime}$ मे मे लड ）

|  | A |  | B |  | C |  | D |  | E |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | लड． | S． | लड． | \＃－ris． | iलड． | जंड． | लड． | जंड． |  | ड．क |
| ड طईण5 वग | 3．की | 396 T | 5 | से． 1 | 5.5 | 4.5 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 6.5 | 6.6 |
| 2006 | 6.6 | 4.2 | 4.9 | 2 |  | 3.3 | 4.4 | 2.3 | 5.5 | 3.6 |
| त ज 12 सबक्रो | P9．3 | 6.9 | 4.7 | 4.2 |  | 4.9 | 6.4 | 3.3 | 2.7 | 2.4 |
| 2008 | 5.4 | 9.6 | 6.3 | 4 | 6.6 | 5.2 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.7 |
| 2009 | 8.4 | 12.9 | 7.5 | 5.9 | 8.7 | 6.6 | 12.1 | 5.2 | 6.8 | 6.5 |
| 2010 | 12.3 | 14.4 | 9.8 | 4.4 | 11.7 | 4.2 | 12.2 | 9.4 | 10.8 | 12.7 |

61．वष्T ${ }^{〔} 2008$ मे पिछ ले वष्ण ${ }^{\wedge}$ की तु लना मे मे वित्याडल़म का＇


न（5）इनमे से का इ नही
63．स $T \dagger$ वषा $T^{\circ}$ का एस थ $T$ मिलकर विस्बा सेयं लड ．किय किय दा अ समसंख्या जकरे ？
（1） 760
（2） 800
（3） 860
（4） 600
（5）इनमे से का इ नही

64．वष्र 2009 मे $^{\circ}$ विब्लेल्मेयं लड का＇की संख्य तथT पषण 200 बरा बर हैमे＇ही विद्य लस्य में लड ．किय＇की संख्या का पर पनु प त लय ज्ञातकरें ？
बा दा म（1）${ }^{\top}$ 29 ： 41
（2） $36: 11$
（3） $29: 43$
（4） $36: 13$
（5）इनमे से का इ नही
65．विद्य लय E मे किसवष $^{\circ}$ सम T १ छाラा $\mathrm{T}^{\prime}$ की कु लसंख（लड． Tरप तथाT लड．किय＇＇दा＇ना＇）ती सी स्रसे अधिहा＇गं
य ज 2006
（2） 2007
（3） 2008
（4） 2005
（5）इनमे से का इ नही

## ANUSHKA ACADEMY

55. I. $\frac{25}{\sqrt{x}}+\frac{9}{\sqrt{x}}=17 \sqrt{x}$
II. $\frac{\sqrt{y}}{3}+\frac{5 \sqrt{y}}{6}=\frac{3}{\sqrt{y}}$
56. The area of a square is 1024 sq cm . What is the ratio of the length to breadth of a rectangle whose length is twice the side of the square and breadth is 12 cm less than the side of the square ?
(1) $5: 18$
(2) $16: 7$
(3) $14: 5$
(4) $32: 5$
(5) None of these
57. In a cricket match, Sachin and Viru scored a century each (more than 100 runs) and Yuvi and Gautam scored a half century each. Gautam scored 76 runs and Yuvi scored 12 runs less than Gautam. Viru scored 102 runs. The sum of the scores of all the four players is 442 . How many runs did Sachin score ?
(1) 200
(2) 210
(3) 180
(4) 160
(5) None of these
58. Train A corsses a pole in 20 seconds and Train B crosses the same pole in one minute. The length of Train $A$ is half the length of Train B. What is the ratio of the speed of Train A to that of Train B
(1) $3: 2$
(2) $3: 4$
(3) $4: 3$
(4) Cannot be determined
(5) None of these
59. The cost of 8 kg of almonds is equal to the cost of 50 kg of apples. The cost of 19 kg of mangoes is ₹ 456 . The cost of 1 kg of apples is twice the cost of 2 kg of mangoes. What is the total cost of 3 kg of almonds and 4 kg of apples together ?
(1) ₹ 2,168
(2) ₹ 2,248
(3) ₹ 2,184
(4) ₹ 2,264
(5) None of these
60. On a certain sum of money, the simple interest for 2 years is ₹ 100 at the rate of $8 \%$ per annum. What is the difference in CI and SI.
(1) ₹ 16
(2) ₹ 8
(3) ₹ 4
(4) ₹ 2
(5) None of these

Directions (61-65) : Study the table carefully to answer the questions that follow:
Number of girls and boys (in hundreds) in six different years in five different schools

|  | A |  | B |  | C |  | D |  | E |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Boys | Girls | Boys | Girls | Boys | Girls | Boys | Girls | Boys | Girls |
| 2005 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 5.2 | 3.1 | 5.5 | 4.5 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 6.5 | 6.6 |
| 2006 | 6.6 | 4.2 | 4.9 | 2.2 | 6.9 | 3.3 | 4.4 | 2.3 | 5.5 | 3.6 |
| 2007 | 9.3 | 6.9 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 5.8 | 4.9 | 6.4 | 3.3 | 2.7 | 2.4 |
| 2008 | 5.4 | 9.6 | 6.3 | 5.4 | 6.6 | 5.2 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.7 |
| 2009 | 8.4 | 12.9 | 7.5 | 5.9 | 8.7 | 6.6 | 12.1 | 5.2 | 6.8 | 6.5 |
| 2010 | 12.3 | 14.4 | 9.8 | 4.4 | 11.7 | 4.2 | 12.2 | 9.4 | 10.8 | 12.7 |

61. What is the approximate percentage decrease in the number of boys in school D in the year 2008 as compared to that in the previous year ?
(1) 17
(2) 12
(3) 9
(4) 5
(5) None of these
62. The number of girls in school B in the year 2009 is approximately what percent of the total number of students (both boys and girls) in school E in the year 2006 ?
(1) 46
(2) 52
(3) 65
(4) 58
(5) None of these
63. What is the average number of girls in school A in all the years taken together ?
(1) 760
(2) 800
(3) 860
(4) 600
(5) None of these
64. What is the ratio of the number of boys in school C in the year 2009 to the number of girls in school A in the year 2009 ?
(1) $29: 41$
(2) $36: 11$
(3) $29: 43$
(4) $36: 13$
(5) None of these
65. In which year is the total number of students (both girls and boys together) the third highest in school E?
(1) 2006
(2) 2007
(3) 2008
(4) 2005
(5) None of these

## ANUSHKA ACADEMY

निदे ' ( $\mathbf{~ 6 6 - 7 0 ) ~ : ~ न ी ~ च े ~ द ि ए ग ए प ् र ~ स ा ं ~ क ा ~ उ ~ ₹ ~} T$ रदे ने के बिलि. जिता $D$ में महिला शि क्षा का' की संख्य $A$ क्लिता कु ल निम नलिखितप ई चटट को धयनपू र्व कप्टे. -


की कु लसंख $=4500$



66. जिना $F$ में पु रुषा पि क्ष क जिमे महिला पि क्ष कर क $T$ $B$ मे महिला शि क्षा का' की कु लस ख़ ज्ञात्रे ?
(1) 1080
(2) 1420
(3) 1180
(4) 1020
(5) इनमे से का इ नही

पि क्ष का' (पु रुषा तथा T महला दा' ना' ') का लगक
(1) 70
(2) 75
(3) 80
(4) 90
(5) इनमे से का इ नही
68. किसजिने में पुरुष्प पिक्ष को' की संख महलला पि कर का सं ख्य से अधिकहै
(1) के वलB
(2) के वलD
(3) दर $\boldsymbol{B}$ अ E
(4) दा' सुओ F

## अन्गसंखठ) एकमें 4 ११ नही

69. जिना F की महिला शि क्ष का 'की संख्य तथ E मिम्मिंा स कि क्ष को' (पु रुषा Tं तथा परिला दा' नां' ) की कितना है ?
(1) 625
(2) 775
(3) 675
(4) 725
(5) इनमे से का इ नही
70. जिता C में पुरुषण चि क्ष का की सं ख क्ष मेंज्तिमहि क्ष पिक्ष को की संख से अनु पत्जातके र?
(1) $11: 15$
(2) $15: 11$
(3) $15: 8$
(4) $30: 13$
(5) इनमे से का इ नही

## ANUSHKA ACADEMY

Directions (66-70) : Study the following piechart and bar-graph and answer the following question.
Percentage wise distribution of teachers in six different districts
Total number of Teachers $=4500$
Percentage of Teachers


Number of males out of 4500 teachers is each district separately

66. What is the total number of male teachers in District F, female teachers in District C and female teachers in District B together?
(1) 1080
(2) 1120
(3) 1180
(4) 1020
(5) None of these
67. The number of female teachers in District $D$ is approximately what percent of the total number of teachers (both male and female) in District A ?
(1) 70
(2) 75
(3) 80
(4) 90
(5) None of these
68. In which district is the number of male teachers more than the number of female teachers
(1) B only
(2) D only
(3) Both B and E
(4) Both E and F
(5) None
69. What is the difference between the number of female teachers in District F and the total number of teacher (both male and female) in District E ?
(1) 625
(2) 775
(3) 675
(4) 725
(5) None of these
70. What is the ratio of the number of male teachers in District $C$ to the number of female teachers in District B ?
(1) $11: 15$
(2) $15: 11$
(3) $15: 8$
(4) $30: 13$
(5) None of these

# ANUSHKA ACADEMY 

## ENGLISH LANGUAGE \& COMPREHENSION

## Directions (71-80) : Read the following passage

 carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.King Hutamasan felt he had everything in the World not only due to his riches and his noble knights, but because of his beautiful queen, Rani Matsya. The rays of the Sun were put to shame with the iridescent light that Matsya illuminated, with her beauty and brain. At the right hand of the king, she was known to sit and aid him in all his judicial probes. You could not escape her deepset eyes, when you commit a crime as she always know the victim and the culprit. Her generosity preceded her reputation in the kingdom and her hands were always full to give. People in the kingdom revered her because if she passed by, she always gave to the compassionate and poor.

Far away from the kingly palace lived a man named Raman with no ends to his poverty and no means to rectify it. Raman was wrecked with poverty as he had lost all his land to the landlord. His age enabled him little towards manual labour and so begging was the only alternative to salvage his wife and children. Every morning, he went door to door for some work, food or money. The kindness of people always got him enough to take home. But Raman was a little self-centered. His World began with him first, followed by his family and the rest. So, he would eat and drink to his delight and return home with whatever he found excess. This routine followed and he never let anyone discover his interests as he always put on a long face, when he reached home.

One day as he was relishing the bowl of rice he had just received from a humble home, he heard that Rani Matsya was to pass from the very place he was standing. Her generosity had reached his ears and he knew if he pulled a long face and showed how poor he was, she would hand him a bag full of gold coins - enough for the rest of his life, enough to buy food and supplies for his family. He thought he could keep some coins for himself and only reveal a few to his wife, so he can fulfill his own wishes.

He ran to the chariot of the Rani and begged her soldiers to allow him to speak to the queen.

Listening to the arguments outside Rani Matsya opened the curtains of her chariot and asked Raman what he wanted. Raman went on his knees and praised the queen. I have heard you are most generous and most chaste, show this beggar some charity. Rani narrowed her brows and asked Raman what he could give her in return, surprised by such a question, Raman looked at his bowl full of rice. With spite in him he just picked up a few grains of rice and gave it to the queen. Rani Matsya counted the 5 grains and looked at his bowl full of rice and said, you shall be given what is due to you. Saying this, the chariot galloped away.
Raman abused her under his breath. This he never thought would happen. How could she ask him for something in return, when she hadn't given him anything? Irked with anger, he stormed home and gave his wife the bowl of rice. Just then he saw a sack at the entrance. His wife said some men had come and kept it there. He opened it to find it full of rice. He put his hand inside and caught hold of a hard metal only to discover it was a gold coin. Elated, he upturned the sack to find 5 gold coins in exact for the five rice grains. If only I had given my entire bowl, thought Raman, I would have had a sack full of gold.
71. What does the phrase 'pulled a long face' as used in the passage mean?
(1) Scratched his face
(2) Looked very sorrowful
(3) Disguised himself
(4) Put on makeup
(5) None of these
72. What can possibly be the moral of the story?
(1) Do to others as you would want others to do to you
(2) Patience is a virtue
(3) Winning is not everything, it is the journey that counts
(4) Change is the only constant thing in life
(5) None of these

## ANUSHKA ACADEMY

73. Why was begging the only option for Raman to get food?
(1) As Raman belonged to a family of beggars
(2) As begging was the easiest way for him to obtain food
(3) As Raman's family had forced him to beg
(4) As he had lost all his property and was too old to do manual work
(5) None of these
74. What did Raman find after he returned home from his meeting with Rani Matsya?
(1) The Rani's soldiers
(2) An empty house
(3) The five grains of rice that he had given to Rani Matsya
(4) A sack full of rice and five gold coins
(5) None of these
75. According to the passage, which of the following is definitely true about Rani Matsya?
A. She was beautiful.
B. She was intelligent.
C. She was kind.
(1) Only A and C
(2) Only B and C
(3) Only C
(4) A and B
(5) All the three
76. Which of the following words can be used to describe Raman?
A. Deceitful
B. Selfish
C. Timid
(1) Only A
(2) Only B
(3) A and B
(4) B and C
(5) All the three

Directions (77-78) : Choose the word/group of words which is most similar in meaning to the word/group of words printed in bold as used in the passage.
77. Galloped
(1) Hurtled
(2) Stumbled
(3) Slumbered
(4) Jumped
(5) Ran
78. Revered
(1) Remembered
(2) Feared
(3) Talked about
(4) Embraced
(5) Respected

Directions (79-80) : Choose the word/group of words which is most opposite in meaning to the word/group of words printed in bold as used in the passage.
79. Reveal
(1) Stop
(2) Conceal
(3) Present
(4) Pending
(5) Tell
80. Elated
(1) Afraid
(2) Poor
(3) Happy
(4) Depressed
(5) Grounded

Directions (81-85) : In the following questions a sentence has been given with some of its part bold. To make the sentence correct you have to replace the bold part with the correct alternative given below. If the sentence is correct as it is, please give 5) as your answer, i.e, No correction required.
81. A nation cannot progress when the elected representatives of the people are often seen loading the cart in contrary directions.
(1) loading the cart in all directions
(2) placing the carts in diverse areas
(3) pulling the cart in different directions
(4) fighting the cart in confusing directions
(5) No correction required
82. A nation like India that has been suffering centuries of foreign subjection has every right to strengthen its defence.
(1) for long suffered from foreign subjection of centuries
(2) been suffering for the centuries of foreign subjection
(3) to suffer with centuries of foreign subjection
(4) suffered centuries of foreign subjection
(5) No correction required
83. People seem to be developing an attitude of dislike towards the whole class of politicians
(1) a disliking attitude
(2) an attitude towards disliking
(3) some attitude for dislike
(4) some attitude of dislike
(5) No correction required
84. Food security for the ever-increasing population is one of the most serious problem world is facing.
(1) one of the serious problems
(2) one problem with seriousness
(3) amongst the serious problem
(4) one major serious problem
(5) No correction required

## ANUSHKA ACADEMY

85. Instead of showing up a front of unity the politicians hurl allegations and counter allegations at each other.
(1) gearing up a unity front
(2) bearing for a front with unity
(3) marking above a united front
(4) presenting a united front
(5) No correction required

Directions (86-90) : Rearrange the following five sentences (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E) in the proper sequence to form a paragraph; then answer the questions given below them.
(A) He felt that his honest ways were responsible for the poverty and starvation of his family.
(B) Sixteen miles away from Mysore, there is a dense forest.
(C) He told them how his honesty was useless and asked if he should try an alternative.
(D) They told him that they would prefer starving to dishonesty.
(E) Once there lived a poor but honest woodcutter in the forest.
(F) So he wanted to discuss his feeling with his wife and children.
86. Which of the following should be the SIXTH (LAST) sentence ?
(1) A
(2) B
(3) C
(4) D
(5) E
87. Which of the following should be the FIRST sentence ?
(1) A
(2) $B$
(3) C
(4) D
(5) E
88. Which of the following should be the FIFTH sentence ?
(1) A
(2) B
(3) C
(4) D
(5) E
89. Which of the following should be the SECOND sentence?
(1) A
(2) B
(3) C
(4) D
(5) E
90. Which of the following should be the THIRD sentence after rearrangement ?
(1) A
(2) B
(3) C
(4) D
(5) E

Directions (91-95) : The given sentence have two blanks which indicate that something has been omitted. Choose the words that best fit the meaning of the sentence as a whole.
91. Now, the educational courses in many institution are sold and even $\qquad$ for $\qquad$ prices.
(1) auctioned, fabulous
(2) glamourised, soaring
(3) bought, competitive
(4) advertised, cover
(5) demanded, handy
92. Limited $\qquad$ of resources and their limited potential is everybody's $\qquad$ .
(1) assess, responsibility
(2) reach, game
(3) availability, concern
(4) area, knowledge
(5) scope, story
93. The right to livelihood is an $\qquad$ facet of the right to life, as a fundamental right under the Constitution.
(1) important, enjoying
(2) integral, guaranteed
(3) utmost, covered
(4) ideal, procured
(5) essential, denied
94. For a large majority of poor people, labour power is the only productive $\qquad$ they for securing a living.
(1) energy, gain
(2) field, deliver
(3) assignment, carry
(4) asset, possess
(5) area, work
95. The committee's is $\qquad$ to create a space for democratic $\qquad$ of conflicts.
(1) efforts, solution
(2) tasks, findings
(3) finding, settlement
(4) concern, adherence
(5) endeavour, resolution.

Directions (96-100): Read each sentence to find out whether there is any grammatical error or idiomatic error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. The number of that part is the answer. If there is no error, the answer is (5). (Ignore errors of punctuation, if any.)
96. 1) The rate on which we are /2) accumulating information is not /3) commensurate with the rate at /4) which our awareness is growing. /5) No error.
97. 1) If one wants pearls /2) one has to dive deep /3) beneath the sea or be content /4) with pebbles on the shore. /5) No error.
98. 1) This is the way /2) to dissolving of /3) all differences between /4) individuals, communities and faiths. /5) No error
99. 1) We need to /2) attune ourselves/ 3) to receiving or learning /4) the truth. /5) No error.
100. 1) We need to get /2) sensitised to the way / 3) we affect other fellow humans. /5) No error.

