

**VOCABULARY FOR 13 MARCH 2024**

**1. ABROGATE (VERB): (अभिनिषेध करना): repudiate**

**Synonyms:** revoke, repeal

**Antonyms:** institute

**Example Sentence:** The ministry proposed to abrogate the dated electoral law.

**2. VULNERABLE (ADJECTIVE): (खतरे में): at risk**

**Synonyms:** endangered, unsafe

**Antonyms:** safe

**Example Sentence:** We were in a vulnerable position

**3. DEFER (VERB): (मान लेना): yield**

**Synonyms:** submit, give way

**Antonyms:** stand up to

**Example Sentence:** He deferred to his absolutely superior knowledge

**4. PREPOSTEROUS (ADJECTIVE): (निरर्थक): absurd**

**Synonyms:** ridiculous, foolish

**Antonyms:** reasonable

**Example Sentence:** He gave us a preposterous suggestion.

**5. RENEGE (VERB): (वापस जाना): go back on**

**Synonyms:** break, back out of

**Antonyms:** keep

**Example Sentence:** They have reneged on their promises to us.

**6. SHUN (VERB): (किनारा करना): avoid**

**Synonyms:** evade, eschew

**Antonyms:** accept

**Example Sentence:** After his divorce he found himself being shunned by many of his former friends

**7. ARGUABLE (ADJECTIVE): (तर्क योग्य): debatable**

**Synonyms:** disputable, questionable

**Antonyms:** certain

**Example Sentence:** He made a highly arguable assumption.

**8. OBNOXIOUS (ADJECTIVE): (अप्रिय): unpleasant**

**Synonyms:** disagreeable, nasty

**Antonyms:** delightful

**Example Sentence:** We left to avoid the obnoxious music.

**9. MULTITUDE (ADJECTIVE): (भीड़): crowd**

**Synonyms:** gathering, assembly

**Antonyms:** elite

**Example Sentence:** Placing ultimate political power in the hand of the multitude is debatable.

**10. INCLINE (VERB): (रुझान होना): liable**

**Synonyms:** likely, prone

**Antonyms:** unlikely

**Example Sentence:** She's inclined to gossip with complete strangers.